## 1. True or False?

For how many values of x is the following matrix singular?

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2-x & 4 \\ 8 & 8-x \end{pmatrix}$$

- (A) 0
- (B) 1
- (C) 2
- (D) Infinitely many

- 2. Let  $A_{\theta}$  be the matrix representing the linear map  $h_{\theta}: \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}^2$  that rotates vectors counterclockwise by an angle  $\theta$ . For how many values of  $\theta$  is  $A_{\theta}$  singular?
- (A) 0
- (B) 1
- (C) 2
- (D) Infinitely many

3. What is the area of the parallelogram formed by the following vectors?

$$\langle \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} \rangle$$

- (A) 1
- (B) 3
- (C) 4
- (D) 7

## 4. True or False?

Let  $h: \mathbb{R}^3 \to \mathcal{P}_2$  be the linear map whose representation matrix with respect to the standard basis on  $\mathbb{R}^3$  and the basis  $\langle 1, 1+x^2, x \rangle$  on  $\mathcal{P}_2$  is the following matrix.

$$\begin{pmatrix}
1 & 3 & 0 \\
0 & 1 & 0 \\
1 & 0 & 1
\end{pmatrix}$$

Then 1 + 2x is in  $\mathcal{R}(h)$ .

## 5. True or False?

The only  $2 \times 2$  matrices A such that  $A^2 = I$  are the following:

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$