1. Suppose we want to calculate  $\int x^3 \cos(x^4) dx$  using substitution. What substitution should we use?

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(A) u = cos(x)
(B) u = cos(x<sup>4</sup>)
(C) u = x<sup>4</sup>
(D) None of the above

$$\int_0^1 x(x+1)^9 \, dx = \int_1^2 (u^{10} - u^9) \, du.$$

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Let f be a differentiable function and

$$A(x)=\int_0^x f(t)\,dt.$$

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If f is increasing, then A is concave up.

## Let f be a differentiable function and

$$A(x)=\int_0^x f(t)\,dt.$$

If f is increasing, then A is concave up.

**Follow-up.** What can you say if *f* is decreasing?

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4. Suppose we want to calculate  $\int \frac{\ln(x)}{x} dx$  using substitution. What substitution should we use?

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(A)  $u = \ln(x)$ (B)  $u = x \ln(x)$ (C) u = 1/x(D) None of the above

$$\int_1^e \frac{\ln x}{x} \, dx = \int_1^e u \, du.$$

6. What is  $\int_{-1}^{1} |2x^{3}| dx$ ? (A) 0 (B) 1 (C) 2 (D) None of the above

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7. Suppose we want to calculate  $\int \frac{dx}{x \ln x}$  using substitution. What substitution should we use? (A)  $u = \ln(x)$ (B)  $u = x \ln(x)$ (C) u = 1/x(D) None of the above

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8. Suppose F is a function such that F(1) = 3 and F'(x) = x<sup>2</sup>. Then F(4) = ...?
(A) 20
(B) 22
(C) 24
(D) None of the above

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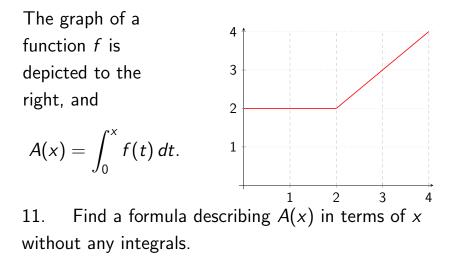
For any positive integer n, we have

$$\int_0^{\pi/2} (\sin x)^n \cos x \, dx = \frac{1}{n+1}.$$

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## The function f(x) = |x| has an antiderivative.

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